



JBSA Natural Resources



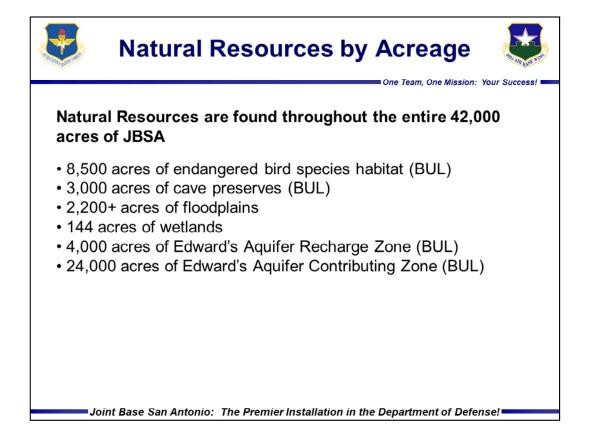
One Team, One Mission: Your Success

Mission: To sustain, restore and modernize natural infrastructure to ensure operational capability and no net loss in the capability of JBSA lands to support the military mission.

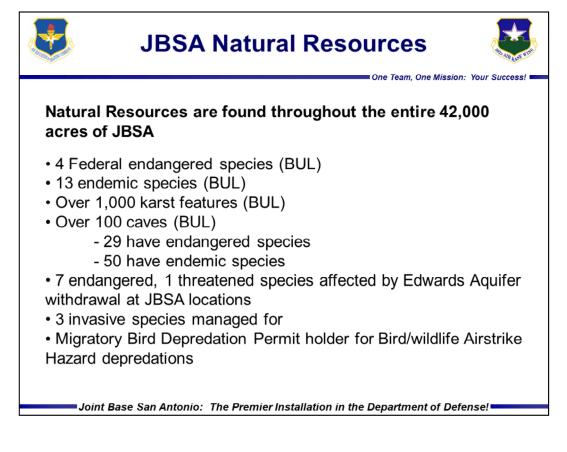
Responsible for natural resources management and conservation enforcement on all 42,000+ acres of JBSA at 11 separate locations spread across three Texas counties. Coordinates with 260+ mission partners on activities that could impact natural resources, including but not limited to, endangered species, migratory birds, floodplains, wetlands, invasive species and endemic species.

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11 JBSA Locations: Medina Training Annex Lackland Kelly Field Annex Port of San Antonio Fort Sam Houston Medical Center Annex Grayson St Annex Camp Bullis Canyon Lake Recreation Site Randolph Seguin Auxiliary Airfield



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Golden cheeked warbler (GCWA):

 \sim 8,500 ac of delineated habitat

Habitat consists of mature oak/ashe juniper woodlands

Black-capped Vireo (BCVI): (delisted Apr 2018)

Habitat consists of early successional mixed brush

BUL SE extent of range

5 males recorded in 2018, 3 of those paired and one pair successfully fledge at least one offspring.

Continue to monitor until 2023

Rhadine infernalis (ground beetle, no common name):

Known from 6 caves at BUL, 30 off post

Rhadine exilis (ground beetle, no common name):

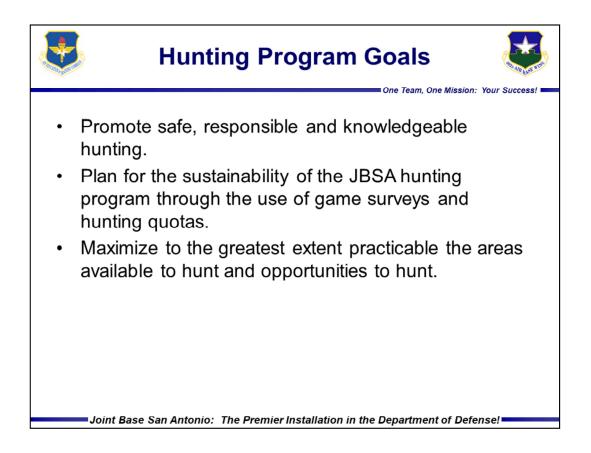
Known from 24 caves at BUL, 26 off post

Madla's cave meshweaver

Known from 1 cave at BUL, 7 off post

Informal consultation completed in 2016 restricts certain activities in areas know to supported listed species.

Natural Resources Office also manages for 13 endemic (only ever recorded on BUL) cave species.





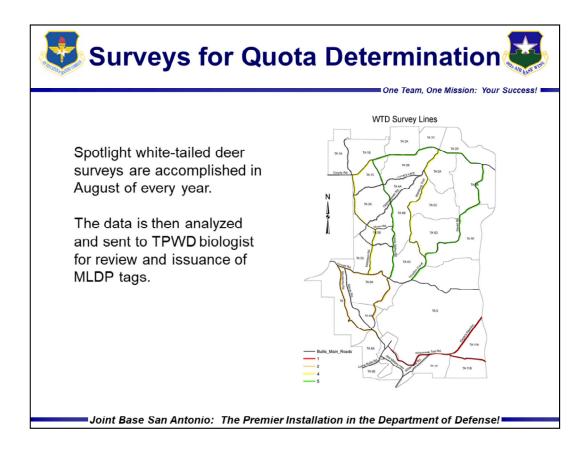
Hunting Program Status



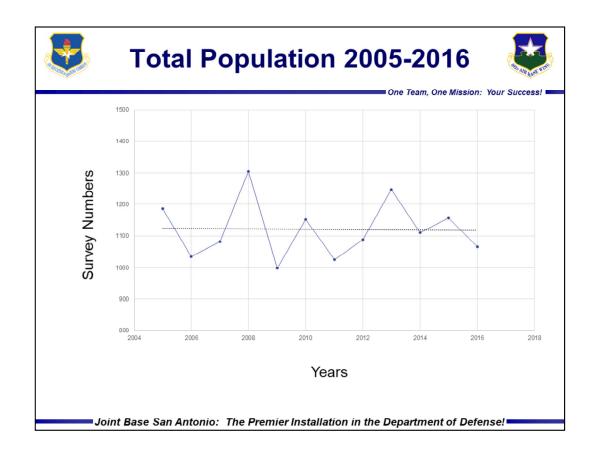
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- 72 of 100 gun blinds removed due to LHS concerns
- WTD Hunting Season
 - · White-tailed Deer Season is over
 - · 24 Does and 5 Bucks harvested
 - 1 deer confiscated do to age harvest restrictions
- General Permit
 - 55 Hogs, 2 Turkeys, 10 Doves
- Program Info
 - Game Warden/Hunting Manager have made over 1,000 contacts in the field, at ORC, and through phone and email.
 - Issues scheduling of Training Areas with Army Support Activity since early December 2018

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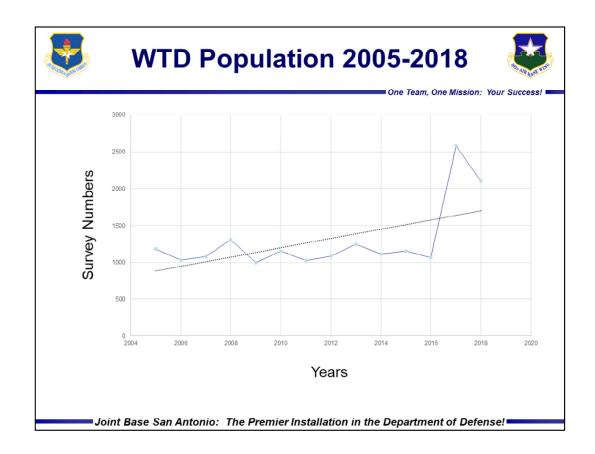


We also do Northern bobwhite (NOBO) covey counts in Oct-Nov each year. NOBO counts are intended to establish a population trend line not estimate the population.

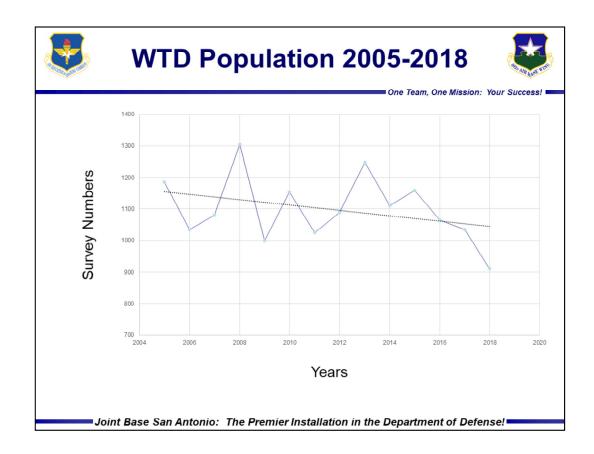


11 year graph of estimated WTD population using same surveying and analysis techniques. Notice trend line is fairly even around 1120 estimated population over time.

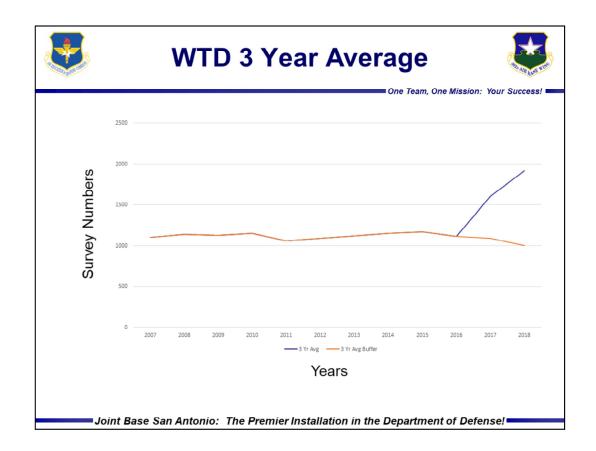
Next two slides will show differences in estimated WTD population based on differences in analysis for 2017 & 2018, the same data went into each analysis but the results output are different.



Estimated WTD population 2005 – 2018 last two years used different analysis method in which no visibility buffer was used. Made a less conservative estimate (than previous analysis) of WTD population on post and increased quota from TPWD.

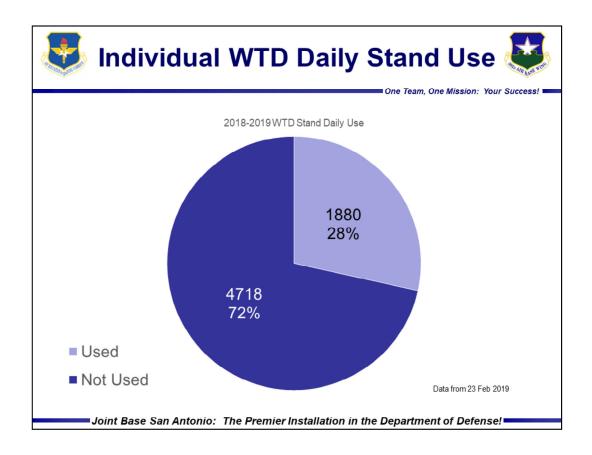


Estimated population based on same conservative analysis used (with visibility buffer, 2005-2016). Show decline in population vs previous slide which show increase.

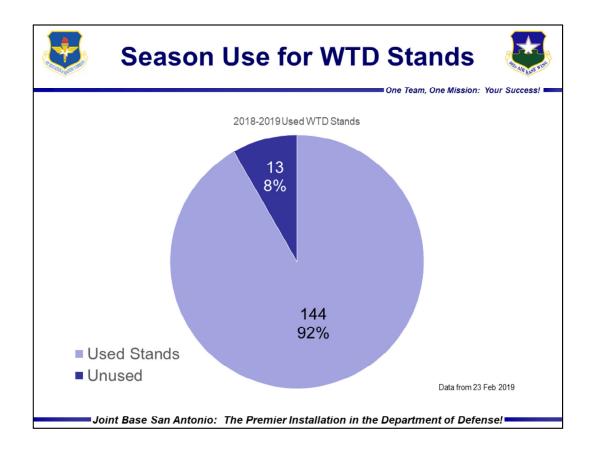


Annual quotas are not based solely on one year's survey data but are based on a 3 year average of the population estimates. These estimates come from analyzing spotlight survey data to include buck:doe ratios, fawn recruitment, ac/deer. Implementing browse surveys in addition to spotlight surveys in the next year will better clarify the carrying capacity of the land and will inform objectives of the hunting program. May increase or decrease the goals of 15-20 ac/deer.

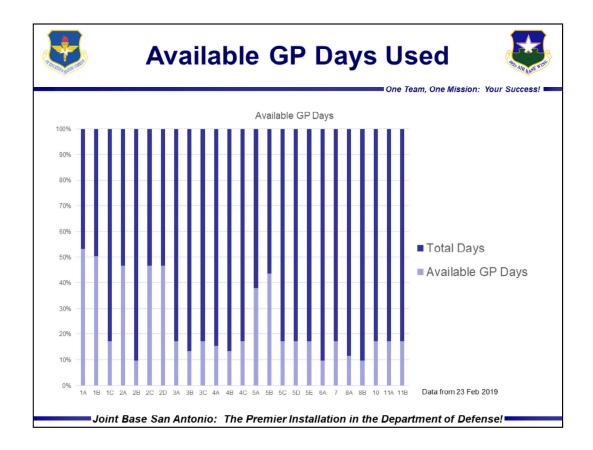
Blue line denotes estimated population with different analysis that has been used the last two years and the orange denotes same analysis used in previous years.



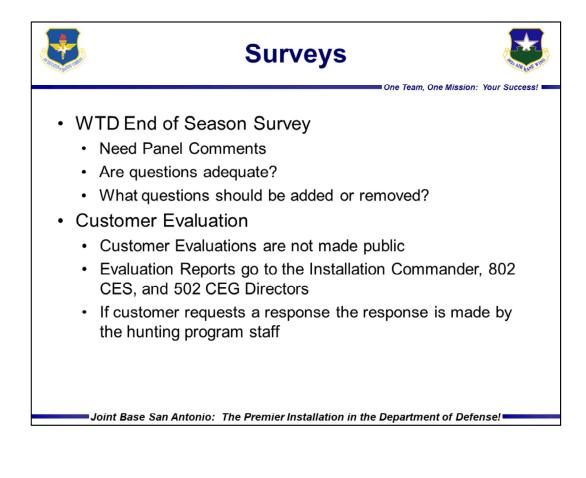
This year we decided to track stand use. We only accounted for available hunting days and tracked whether the hunter used their stand on those available days. We noticed a drop in stand use after Veteran's Day. 116 of the 157 were used only 25% of the available time, with average use being 28% of available days. Only 1 hunter used the stand over 90% of the time available.

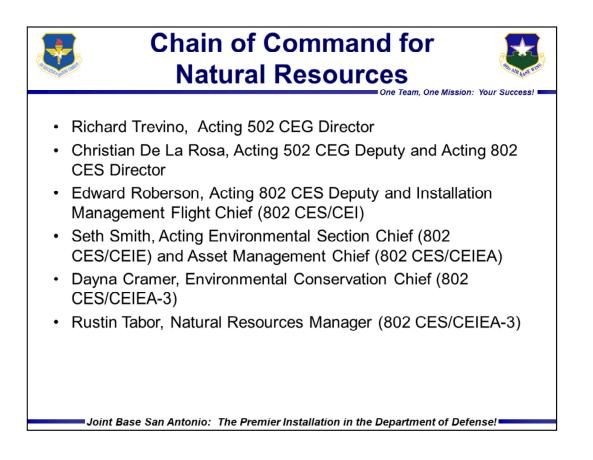


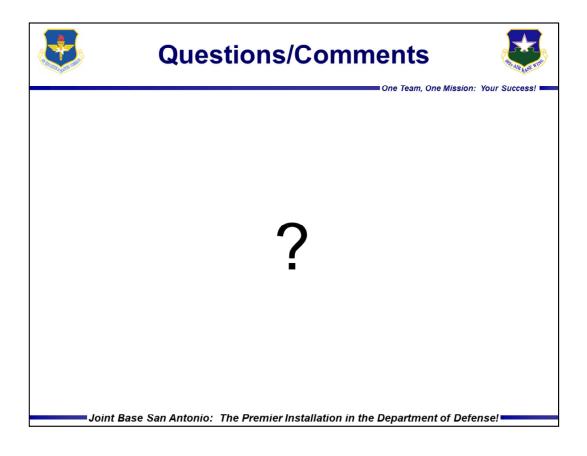
This year we decided to track stand use. This was a yes/no switch. If the stand was checked into even once it was counted as used. We did notice a drop in stand use after Veteran's Day. 116 of the 157 were used only 25% of the available time, with average use being 28% of available days. Only 1 hunter used his stand over 90% of the time available.



This year we decided to track area use. We looked at days the areas were available for hunting and how often they were checked into. This data counts each check in, so individuals checking into an area multiple times during the same day were counted multiple times.









Contact Information



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Dayna Cramer, Environmental Conservation Chief Hunting Program Manager dayna.a.cramer.civ@mail.mil 210-740-8340

Rustin Tabor, Natural Resources Manager rustin.t.tabor.civ@mail.mil 210-740-1443

Archie Cooper, Game Warden archie.l.cooper.civ@mail.mil 210-669-8804

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